

TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES  
DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)  
CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371

ABLE-0021

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR

10/088780

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.  
PCT/GB00/03605INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE  
20 September 2000PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED  
20 September 1999

## TITLE OF INVENTION

MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY 3F1H10 NEUTRALISING VHSV (VIRAL HAEMORRHAGIC SEPTICAEMIA VIRUS)

## APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US

SECOMBES, Christopher John, CUNNINGHAM, Charles and LORENZEN, Niels

Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:

1. ☒ This is a **FIRST** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
2. ☐ This is a **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
3. ☐ This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)). The submission must include items (5), (6), (9) and (24) indicated below.
4. ☐ The US has been elected by the expiration of 19 months from the priority date (Article 31).
5. ☒ A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c) (2))
  - a. ☐ is attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau).
  - b. ☒ has been communicated by the International Bureau.
  - c. ☐ is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).
6. ☐ An English language translation of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).
  - a. ☐ is attached hereto.
  - b. ☐ has been previously submitted under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).
7. ☒ Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3))
  - a. ☐ are attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau)
  - b. ☐ have been communicated by the International Bureau.
  - c. ☐ have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired
  - d. ☒ have not been made and will not be made.
8. ☐ An English language translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).
9. ☒ An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(4)).
10. ☐ An English language translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)).
11. ☒ A copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report (PCT/IPEA/409).
12. ☒ A copy of the International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210).

## Items 13 to 20 below concern document(s) or information included:

13. ☐ An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
14. ☐ An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included
15. ☒ A **FIRST** preliminary amendment.
16. ☐ A **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** preliminary amendment.
17. ☐ A substitute specification.
18. ☐ A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.
19. ☐ A computer-readable form of the sequence listing in accordance with PCT Rule 13ter.2 and 35 U.S.C. 1 821 - 1 825.
20. ☐ A second copy of the published international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).
21. ☐ A second copy of the English language translation of the international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4)
22. ☒ Certificate of Mailing by Express Mail
23. ☒ Other items or information:
  - 1) Courtesy copy of the International Application;
  - 2) Return post card.

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR 1.101(a)(2))		INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER	
10/088780		PCT/GB00/03605		ABLE-0021	
24. The following fees are submitted:				CALCULATIONS PTO USE ONLY	
BASIC NATIONAL FEE ( 37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5) ) :					
<input type="checkbox"/> Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO . . . . .				\$1040.00	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but International Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO . . . . .				\$890.00	
<input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO . . . . .				\$740.00	
<input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) paid to USPTO but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) . . . . .				\$710.00	
<input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) paid to USPTO and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) . . . . .				\$100.00	
ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =				\$890.00	
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (e)).				\$0.00	
CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE		
Total claims	52 - 20 =	32	x \$18.00	\$576.00	
Independent claims	4 - 3 =	1	x \$84.00	\$84.00	
Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable).			<input type="checkbox"/>	\$0.00	
TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =				\$1,550.00	
<input type="checkbox"/> Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27). The fees indicated above are reduced by 1/2.				\$0.00	
SUBTOTAL =				\$1,550.00	
Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (f)).				\$0.00	
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =				\$1,550.00	
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31) (check if applicable).			<input type="checkbox"/>	\$0.00	
TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =				\$1,550.00	
				Amount to be: refunded	\$
				charged	\$
a. <input type="checkbox"/> A check in the amount of _____ to cover the above fees is enclosed.					
b. <input type="checkbox"/> Please charge my Deposit Account No. _____ in the amount of _____ to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.					
c. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. <u>50-1619</u> A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.					
d. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fees are to be charged to a credit card. <b>WARNING:</b> Information on this form may become public. <b>Credit card information should not be included on this form.</b> Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038.					
NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.					
SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:					
Kathleen A. Tyrrell, Registration No. 38,350			SIGNATURE		
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Tel: 856-810-1515			REGISTRATION NUMBER		
Fax: 856-810-1454			March 20, 2002		
			DATE		

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Attorney Docket No.: ABLE-0021  
Inventors: Secombes et al.  
Serial No.: Not yet assigned  
Filing Date: Herewith  
Examiner: Not yet assigned  
Group Art Unit: Not yet assigned  
Title: Monoclonal Antibody 3F1H10 Neutralising  
VHSV (Viral Haemorrhagic Septicaemia  
Virus)

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Date of Deposit March 20, 2002

I hereby certify that this paper is being deposited  
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By Kathleen A. Tyrell  
Typed Name: Kathleen A. Tyrell, Reg. No. 38,350

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office  
P.O. Box 2327  
Arlington, VA 22202

Dear Sir:

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Please enter the following amendments into the record.

In the Claims:

Please cancel claims 19 and 20.

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Amended) A composition for protection of an animal  
against a disease-causing agent, the composition comprising a non-

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infectious nucleic acid construct encoding a recombinant antibody to that agent.

3. (Amended) A composition according to claim 1 wherein the animal has a deficient immune system.

5. (Amended) A composition according to claim 1 wherein the protection is prophylactic.

7. (Amended) A composition according to claim 1 wherein the encoded antibody molecule comprises variable domains of immunoglobulin Heavy and Light chain genes linked together by a linker sequence.

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9. (Amended) A composition according to claim 1 comprising genes encoding antibody molecules to several different epitopes of the disease-causing agent.

10. (Amended) A composition according to claim 1 comprising a gene-expression library encoding antibodies to the disease-causing agent.

11. (Amended) A composition according to claim 10 wherein the gene expression library encodes single-chain antibody molecules to the disease-causing agent.

12. (Amended) A composition according to claim 1 wherein the encoded recombinant antibody is a virus-neutralising antibody.

13. (Amended) A composition according to claim 12 wherein the encoded virus-neutralising antibody is single chain molecule.

14. (Amended) A composition according to claim 1 including a nucleic acid construct encoding a viral haemorrhagic septicaemia virus VHSV-neutralising monoclonal antibody 3F1H10 with two amino acids substituents in the H-chain gene respectively Asn 35a to Thr and Lys 64 to Thr and with the secretion signal of rainbow trout transforming growth factor (TGF-beta) added to the 5' end of the gene.

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15. (Amended) A composition according to claim 6 wherein when the disease-causing agent is an allergen the antibody molecule is derived from an antibody raised against IgE molecules.

16. (Amended) A composition according to claim 1 wherein the nucleic acid construct is formed from DNA.

17. (Amended) A composition according to claim 1 wherein the composition is in the form of a vaccine, dosage form, cream, ointment, liquid or paint.

18. (Amended) A composition according to claim 17 wherein the composition is for delivery by injection, spray or gene gun.

Please add the following new claims:

-- 21. A composition for protection of an animal against a disease-causing agent, the composition comprising a non-infectious nucleic acid construct encoding a recombinant antibody to that agent wherein the encoded antibody molecule comprises variable domains of immunoglobulin Heavy and Light chain genes linked together by a linker sequence.

22. A composition according to claim 21 wherein the animal is selected from a mammal or a fish.

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23. A composition according to claim 21 wherein the animal has a deficient immune system.

24. A composition according to claim 21 wherein the disease-causing agent is selected from a pathogen, an allergen or a toxic substance.

25. A composition according to claim 21 wherein the protection is prophylactic.

26. A composition according to claim 21 wherein the encoded recombinant antibody is derived from an antibody raised against the disease-causing agent.

27. A composition according to claim 21, wherein the nucleic acid construct further comprises a gene sequence encoding a secretion signal peptide.

28. A composition according to claim 21 comprising genes encoding antibody molecules to several different epitopes of the disease-causing agent.

29. A composition according to claim 21 comprising a gene expression library encoding antibodies to the disease-causing agent.

30. A composition according to claim 29 wherein the gene expression library encodes single-chain antibody molecules to the disease-causing agent.

20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50

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31. A composition according to claim 21 wherein the encoded recombinant antibody is a virus-neutralising antibody.

32. A composition according to claim 31 wherein the encoded virus-neutralising antibody is single chain molecule.


33. A composition according to claim 21 including a nucleic acid construct encoding a viral haemorrhagic septicaemia virus VHSV-neutralising monoclonal antibody 3F1H10 with two amino acids substituents in the H-chain gene respectively Asn 35a to Thr and Lys 64 to Thr and with the secretion signal of rainbow trout transforming growth factor (TGF-beta) added to the 5' end of the gene.

34. A composition according to claim 26 wherein when the disease-causing agent is an allergen the antibody molecule is derived from an antibody raised against IgE molecules.

35. A composition according to claim 21 wherein the nucleic acid construct is formed from DNA.

36. A composition according to claim 21 wherein the composition is in the form of a vaccine, dosage form, cream, ointment, liquid or paint.

37. A composition according to claim 36 wherein the composition is for delivery by injection, spray or gene gun.







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44. A method of treating an animal comprising administering thereto a composition according to claim 1.

45. A method according to claim 44, wherein said composition mediates expression of a recombinant antibody to the pathogen, allergen or toxin.

46. A method of treating an animal comprising administering thereto a composition according to claim 3.

47. A method of treating an animal comprising administering thereto a composition according to claim 6.

48. A method of treating an animal comprising administering thereto a composition according to claim 21.

49. A method of treating a fish comprising administering thereto a composition according to claim 38.

50. A method of treating an animal with a congenital or acquired immunodeficiency, comprising administration of a number of non-infectious nucleic acid constructs encoding antibodies against a spectrum of disease-causing agents.

51. A method according to claim 44, wherein said animal is a fish or another aquatic animal.

52. A method according to claims 44, wherein said animal is a mammal.

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53. A method according to claim 52, wherein said mammal is a human.

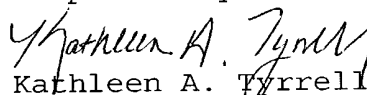
54. A method according to claim 50, wherein said animal is a human. --

#### REMARKS

This Preliminary Amendment is being filed to amend the claims to conform with U.S. practice and to add new claims 21 through 54 drawn to subject matter described throughout the specification and in original claims 19 and 20, now canceled. No new matter has been added by this amendment and entry is respectfully requested.

Attached hereto is a marked-up version of the changes made to the specification and claims by the current amendment. The attached page is captioned "VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE."

Respectfully submitted,

  
Kathleen A. Tyrrell

Registration No. 38,350

Date: March 20, 2002

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66 E. Main Street  
Marlton, New Jersey 08053  
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In the Claims:

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Amended) A ~~pharmaceutical~~ composition for protection of an animal against a disease-causing agent, the composition comprising a non-infectious nucleic acid construct encoding a recombinant antibody to that agent.
2. (Amended) A ~~pharmaceutical~~ composition according to claim 1 wherein the animal is selected from a mammal or a fish.
3. (Amended) A ~~pharmaceutical~~ composition according to ~~either of~~ claim 1 ~~or 2~~ wherein the animal has a deficient immune system.
4. (Amended) A ~~pharmaceutical~~ composition according to ~~any preceding claim~~ claim 1 wherein the disease-causing agent is selected from a pathogen, an allergen or a toxic substance.
5. (Amended) A ~~pharmaceutical~~ composition according to ~~any preceding claim~~ claim 1 wherein the protection is prophylactic.
6. (Amended) A ~~pharmaceutical~~ composition according to ~~any preceding claim~~ claim 1 wherein the encoded recombinant antibody is derived from an antibody raised against the disease-causing agent.



[illegible]

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Filing Date: **Herewith**  
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13. (Amended) A ~~pharmaceutical~~ composition according to claim 12 wherein the encoded virus-neutralising antibody is single chain molecule.

14. (Amended) A ~~pharmaceutical~~ composition according to ~~any~~  
~~preceding claim~~ claim 1 including a nucleic acid construct encoding  
a viral haemorrhagic septicaemia virus VHSV-neutralising monoclonal  
antibody 3F1H10 with two amino acids substituents in the H-chain  
gene respectively Asn 35a to Thr and Lys 64 to Thr and with the  
secretion signal of rainbow trout transforming growth factor (TGF-  
beta) added to the 5' end of the gene.

15. (Amended) A pharmaceutical composition according to ~~any of claims 4 to 11~~ claim 6 wherein when the disease-causing agent is an allergen the antibody molecule is derived from an antibody raised against IgE molecules.

16. (Amended) A ~~pharmaceutical~~ composition according to ~~any~~  
~~preceding claim~~ claim 1 wherein the nucleic acid construct is  
formed from DNA.

17. (Amended) A ~~pharmaceutical~~ composition according to ~~any~~  
~~preceding claim~~ claim 1 wherein the composition is in the form of  
a vaccine, dosage form, cream, ointment, liquid or paint.

[illegible]

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18. A (Amended) A pharmaceutical composition according to ~~any preceding claim~~ claim 17 wherein the composition is for delivery by injection, spray or gene gun.

## MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY 3F1H10 NEUTRALISING VHSV (VIRAL HAEMORRHAGIC SEPTICAEMIA VIRUS)

The present invention relates to a non-infectious nucleic acid (RNA and DNA) construct constructed to express a recombinant antibody or antibody fragment in a host cell. The antibody molecule confers protection to the host against a pathogen, allergen or toxin. The host may be any animal including a human.

Passive immunization by injection of homologous or heterologous serum-antibodies is routinely used in humans for immunoprophylaxis of people traveling to foreign regions involving risk of exposure to exotic pathogens. In animals a similar strategy may be employed for protection of valuable specimens, but is generally too expensive for routine veterinary use. Passive immunisation of animals against infectious diseases is thus mostly done on an experimental basis with the aim of studying the function of structures such as antibodies *in vivo* and relating the results to *in vitro* experiments.

During the recent decade, diverse technologies for the *in vitro* production of antibodies by the use of recombinant DNA technology has been developed. The smallest functional recombinant antibody combining the actions of the heavy (H) and light (L) polypeptide chains as in the native molecule has proved to be the single chain variable-fragment construct (single chain FV). The single chain FV construct is composed of the variable parts of the H and L chains connected by a flexible spacer region. Such molecules have been used in various studies including virus neutralisation, cancer-immunotherapy and recently also in the form of DNA vaccines where plasmids encoding anti-idiotypic single chain FV





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According to a further embodiment of the present invention there is provided a nucleic acid construct encoding a recombinant antibody molecule, said construct is formulated for the *in vivo* prevention of an allergic reaction to an allergen in an animal.

According to a yet further embodiment of the present invention there is provided a nucleic acid construct encoding a recombinant antibody molecule, wherein said construct is formulated for the *in vivo* prevention of a reaction caused by the presence of a toxic substance in an animal.

The term recombinant antibody molecule encompasses a full size antibody, a single chain variable fragment or any part of an antibody which can recognise an antigen. In this connection, conveniently the antibody fragment does not have to be single chain. However, in some embodiments it is single chain.

It has now been found that the intramuscular injection of a nucleic acid construct, in the form of a plasmid, encoding a virus-neutralising single chain antibody fragment can mediate *in vivo* expression of antibodies which protect an animal against a possibly lethal exposure to a virus. This has been established in an experimental model which involves a fish rhabdovirus called viral haemorrhagic septicaemia virus (VHSV) in the rainbow trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*) as a host species.

According to a further embodiment of the present invention there is provided a nucleic acid construct, such as a plasmid, comprising an expression vector and a gene sequence for heavy and/or light chain variable domains of an antibody.



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can be prepared against any important pathogen/disease causing agent in animals including pathogens against which vaccines are not available or have proved insufficient. Furthermore, as a result of veterinary regulations, use of live vaccines may not be allowed. In such cases an alternative prophylactic measure would have to be taken. Such a measure could be the administration of the nucleic acid construct of the present invention. A list of possible pathogens is given below; this list is not intended to be exhaustive.

10

Viral haemorrhagic septicaemia virus (fish)  
Infectious haematopoietic necrosis virus (fish)  
Infectious salmon anemia virus (fish)  
Infectious pancreatic necrosis virus (fish)

15 Nodaviruses (fish)

Renibacterium salmoninarum (fish)  
Pasteurella (fish)  
Ichthyophthirius multifiliis (fish)  
NewCastle disease virus (fowl)

20 Infectious bursal disease virus (fowl)

Bovine respiratory syncytial virus (cattle)  
Bovine virus diarrhoea virus (cattle)  
Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus (pigs)  
Pseudorabiesvirus (pigs)

25 Equine herpes virus 1 (horses)

Plasmocytosis virus (mink)  
Rabies virus (dogs)  
Feline leukemia virus (cats)  
Foot and mouth disease (cattle)

30 Human immune deficiency virus (human)

Hepatitis A virus (human)  
Borrelia sp. (human)  
Plasmodium sp. (human)



It is preferred that in a composition or formulation for administration of the constructs there are present genes

Figure 1 shows a schematic drawing of the pCDNA3 plasmid with a single chain antibody (ScAb) gene construct inserted downstream of a strong eukaryotic promoter from cytomegalovirus (CMV). pCDNA3 is a commercially available eukaryotic expression vector (Invitrogen).

Figure 2 shows a culture of EPC cells (passaged fish cells) transfected with a pCDNA3-BU1. BU1 is a ScAb gene construct encoding a recombinant antibody which is able to neutralise the fish pathogenic rhabdovirus, VHSV. BU1 carries a part of the human kappa light chain gene as a residue or tag. Twelve days after the date of transfection the cells were fixed and stained immunochemically using horseradish peroxidase-conjugated rabbit antibody to human kappa light chain (HRP-Rabbit anti-kappa) for the detection of cells containing ScAb. These cells give a positive response and are darker than the remaining cells; and

Figure 3 shows a histological section of muscle tissue sampled from a fish twelve days after intramuscular injection of pCDNA3-BU1. The section was stained immunochemically using HRP-rabbit anti-kappa for the detection of ScAb. Several cells turned out positive (arrow heads) along the regenerating needle track (injection site) arrowed.

20

#### Gene Map

The following gene map is the DNA sequence of the construct comprising a single chain antibody gene (BU1) inserted into E.coli pCDNA3 plasmid (Invitrogen) used in the Example 25 described below.

```

1  cagtgtgcta  acatgagggc  agtgtgtttg  atgctgactg  ccttattgat
51  gctggaatat  gtgtgccgga  gtgaccaggt  gcagctgcag  gagtcaggac
101 ctggcctcgt  gaaaccttct  cagtctctgt  ctctcacctg  ctctgtcact
30 151 ggctactcca  tcaccagtgg  ttattactgg  acctggatcc  ggcagtttcc
201 aggaaataaa  ctggaatgga  tgggctacat  aagctacgac  ggtaccaata
251 actacaaccc  atctctcaca  aatcgaatct  ccactactcg  tgacacatct
301 aagaaccagt  ttttctgaa  gtgaaatct  gtgactactg  aggacacagc

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25 Single chain antibody genes were prepared according to the  
procequre described by McGregor et al; Spontaneous Assembly  
of Divalent Single Chain Antibody Fragments in E-Coli; Mol.  
Immunol, February 31(3) pp 219 to 226; 1994. In short, the  
variable domains of the immunoglobulin H and L chain genes  
30 were cloned from hybridoma cell lines producing monoclonal  
antibodies to the fish pathogenic rhabdovirus viral  
haemorrhagic septicaemia virus(VHSV). The H and L chain  
variable domains were linked by a gene sequence encoding a 14

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amino acid linker to generate a single chain antibody (ScAb) gene. As a tag to allow specific detection, the human kappa light chain constant domain gene was included at the 3' end of the gene. In order to ensure secretion of the ScAb polypeptides in eukaryotic cells, the nucleotide sequence encoding the 20 amino acid signal peptide of rainbow trout transforming growth factor beta (TGF-beta) was added at the 5' end of the gene.

10 The gene construct was inserted by blunt-end ligation into the eukaryotic expression vector pCDNA3 (Invitrogen) in the EcoR I site in the polylinker downstream of a cytomegalovirus (CMV) promoter (see Figure 1). As a negative control in transfection experiments with cell cultures and  
15 immunoprotection trials in fish, the pCDNA3 plasmid without insert was used. Plasmid DNA was purified from overnight cultures of *E.coli* by use of commercial kits for anion-exchange chromatography as recommended by the supplier (Qiagen).

20

Other molecular biology procedures used were as followed by Sambrook et al in Molecular Cloning; A Laboratory Manual, Second Addition, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, USA, (1989). The variable domain genes from a hybridoma cell line secreting  
25 the VHSV-neutralising monoclonal antibody 3F1H10 were used. Cloning and sequencing of the variable domain genes has already been described. In the case of antibody 3F1H10, two amino acids substitutions were made to the H-chain (Asn35a to Thr and Lys64 to Thr). The ScAb carrying the variable domains  
30 of antibody 3F1H10 was called BU1.

Passaged fish cells designated (EPC) were transfected with an anionic transfection reagent (Superfect, Qiagen, . Four to six



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peroxidase-conjugated rabbit immunoglobulin (Ig) to human kappa light chain (HRP-rabbit anti kappa) (Dako, Denmark) was used for detection of expressed ScAb.

##### 5 Sampling of Plasma from Fish

Blood samples were collected 12 days after injection of plasmid DNA from fish not exposed to VHSV. Due to the small size of the fish, sampling was performed with heparin-treated capillary tubes after cutting off the posterior fin of fully  
10 anaesthetised fish. The fish were terminated immediately afterwards. The blood samples were centrifuged at 5000 xg and plasma samples were collected and stored at -80°C until analysed.

##### 15 Serological Examination for VHSV-reactive ScAbs

Supernatant from transfected cell cultures and plasma samples from DNA-injected fish, were examined for anti-VHSV reactive ScAbs by a plaque-neutralisation (50% PNT) assay and by an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA).

20

The ELISA assay was performed in 96-well microtitre plates coated with purified VHSV. Bound ScAb's were detected with HRP-Rabbit anti-kappa. In order to demonstrate that the virus-neutralising activity detected in the trout plasma was  
25 due to the ScAbs produced by the fish and not by trout antibodies, two variants of the 50% PNT assay were also applied. One variant included parallel examination of the neutralising activity against the virulent VHSV3592B and a neutralisation resistant variant of VHS 3592B (VHSV DK-3542B;  
30 selected by cultivating virus in the presence of the neutralising Mab 3F1A2 which is highly similar to Mab 3F1H1C. The other variant involved pre-incubation of the trout plasma with rabbit antibodies to human kappa light chain or with

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rabbit antibodies to trout immunoglobulin before incubation with virus. The 50% PNT microplate assay was performed as described by Olesen and Jørgensen in Detection of neutralising antibody to Egtved virus in rainbow trout by plaque neutralising with complement addition, J. Appl Ichthyol, Volume 2, pages 35 to 41.

#### Immunoprotection Trials in Fish

Eleven days after injection of the plasmid, groups of fish were exposed to (challenged with) the virulent VHSV DK-3592B isolate by immersion in water containing 100 000 50% tissue-culture infective doses per ml. Challenge was performed in 8-liter aquaria with 25-31 fish in each. Three replicate aquaria was included for each plasmid construct. Dead fish were afterwards daily recorded and collected. Dead fish from all tanks were analysed virologically for the presence of VHSV. Mean water temperature was 16°C from the time of injection to immediately before challenge. At challenge, the fish were adapted to a water temperature of 12°C and this temperature was kept throughout the 20 day challenge period.

#### Immunochemical Detection of Expressed ScAb in cell Culture and in Fish

It was found that after immuno-peroxidase staining using the HRP-rabbit anti-human kappa, single cells expressing ScAb could be detected in EPC cell cultures transfected with the plasmid construct pCDNA3-BU1 (Fig. 2), whereas no positive cells were found in cultures transfected with pCDNA3 without insert. Similarly, expression of ScAb could be demonstrated in muscle sections from injected fish (Fig. 3). No positive cells were found in fish injected with pCDNA3 without insert.

Interference of ScAbs with propagation of VHSV in Cell Culture

When monolayers of epithelial cell line of cap cell cultures were inoculated with VHSV four days after transfection, development of cytopathogenic effect (CPE) as a result of multiplication of VHSV was highly different in cultures transfected with pCDNA3 compared to cell cultures transfected with pCDNA3-BU1. In the latter case only certain plaques of cells became infected and died and there was no further development of CPE in the 8-day observation period. In contrast, when cultures transfected with pCDNA3 were inoculated, all cells became infected and were destroyed within 3-6 days as in a normal propagation of VHSV in EPC cells (Table 1).

Table 1. Susceptibility of transfected EPC cell cultures to VHSV

Plasmid Construct used for Transfection	Cytopathogenic effect upon inoculation with VHSV*
pCDNA3	Complete destruction of cell layer
pCDNA3-BU1	Plaques

\* Concentrations of VHSV:  $10^2$ - $10^3$  TCID-50/ml cell culture medium.

Detection of ScAbs to VHSV in the Fish

When the plasma from injected fish was analysed by ELISA for ScAbs recognising VHSV, a strong reaction was found in plasma from fish injected with pCDNA3-BU1. No reactivity was detected in plasma from fish injected with pCDNA3 without insert. As indicated in Table 2, the limited amounts of



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Table 3. Antibody reactivity in fish plasma: Neutralisation  
of VHSV

	Fish No. *	Injected Plasmid	PNT-titres **
5	36534	pCDNA3	<10
	36849	pCDNA3-BU1	160-640

\* Plasma samples were analysed individually.

\*\* Titres represent the reciprocal value of plasma  
dilutions reducing the number of plaques to  
approximately 50% compared to a control well without  
antibody/plasma.

Table 4. Effect of preincubation of trout plasma with rabbit  
antibodies on PNT-titres\*

	Fish No.	Injected Reagent	PNT-titres		
			Normal rabbit	Rabbit to human chain kappa	Rabbit to trout Ig
	21-30 (1 pool)	pCDNA3-BU1	640	<40	320-640
20	Positive trout serum A7.1	Killed VHSV	>10240	>10240	320

\* In order to allow detection of neutralising trout  
antibodies, trout complement was included as described  
above.



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Infection Trial

When challenged with VHSV DK-3592B 11 days after injection of plasmid DNA, most of the fish injected with pCDNA3-BU1 survived whereas high mortalities were observed among fish 5 injected with pCDNA3 (Table 5).

Table 5. Protection against VHSV

	Injected Plasmid	Accumulated mortality 20 days post challenge (mean of triplicate tanks)
10	pCDNA3	81%
	pCDNA3-BU1	6%

To our knowledge, this is the first report demonstrating  
15 establishment of protective immunity to an infectious pathogen  
in higher vertebrates by administration of genes encoding  
pathogen specific single chain FV antibodies. The protective  
activity of the pCDNA-BU1 construct fully correlated with the  
occurrence of neutralising anti-VHSV ScAbs in the plasma of  
20 injected fish, and although involvement of non-specific  
mechanisms cannot be completely excluded, it appears likely  
that the produced BU1 ScAb has been the major cause of  
protection following injection of the pCDNA3-BU1 plasmid DNA.  
Accordingly, in a later experiment including challenge of the  
25 fish with a virus isolate not recognised by the recombinant  
antibody fragment encoded by pCDNA-BU1, no protection was  
obtained.

In contrast to DNA-vaccines, including anti-idiotypic vaccines,  
30 the administration of plasmid borne genes in this instance do

The principle of genetic immunoprophylaxis according to the invention can be extended to mammals and to humans in particular as it is a valuable tool for transient protection of individuals such as travelers against exposure to pathogens or toxins where no efficient vaccines are available. Similarly, the invention may be used for induction of the synthesis of antibodies of a desired specificity for use in immunodeficient individuals. Also the nucleic acid construct of the present invention could be used in individuals that produce an allergic response to certain allergens, such as pollen. In this connection, production or induction of antibody fragments to those allergens may be used for prevention of an allergic reaction.

Beside the prophylactic aspects of the invention, plasmid constructs carrying genes encoding pathogen/disease antigen specific single chain FV antibodies are of therapeutic use in certain diseases wherein the host immune system itself is 5 unable to produce antibodies with the necessary activity.

REF 34 ADANT

1. A pharmaceutical composition for protection of an animal against a disease-causing agent, the composition comprising a non-infectious nucleic acid construct encoding a recombinant antibody to that agent.

10

15 4. A pharmaceutical composition according to any preceding  
claim wherein the disease-causing agent is a pathogen, an  
allergen or a toxic substance.

6. A pharmaceutical composition according to any preceding claim wherein the encoded recombinant antibody is derived from an antibody raised against the disease-causing agent.

7. A pharmaceutical composition according to any preceding claim wherein the encoded antibody molecule comprises variable domains of immunoglobulin Heavy and Light chain genes linked together by a linker sequence.

8. A pharmaceutical composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the nucleic acid construct further comprises a gene sequence encoding a secretion signal peptide.

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9. A pharmaceutical composition according to any preceding claim comprising genes encoding antibody molecules to several different epitopes of the disease-causing agent.

5 10. A pharmaceutical composition according to any preceding claim comprising a gene-expression library encoding antibodies to the disease-causing agent.

11. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 10  
10 wherein the gene expression library encodes single-chain  
antibody molecules to the disease-causing agent.

12. A pharmaceutical composition according to any preceding claim wherein the encoded recombinant antibody is a virus-  
15 neutralising antibody.

13. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 12 wherein the encoded virus-neutralising antibody is single chain molecule.

20

14. A pharmaceutical composition according to any preceding claim including a nucleic acid construct encoding a viral haemorrhagic septicaemia virus VHSV-neutralising monoclonal antibody 3F1H10 with two amino acids substituents in the H-chain gene respectively Asn 35a to Thr and Lys 64 to Thr and with the secretion signal of rainbow trout transforming growth factor (TGF-beta) added to the 5' end of the gene.

15. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of claims  
30 4 to 11 wherein when the disease-causing agent is an allergen  
the antibody molecule is derived from an antibody raised  
against IgE molecules.



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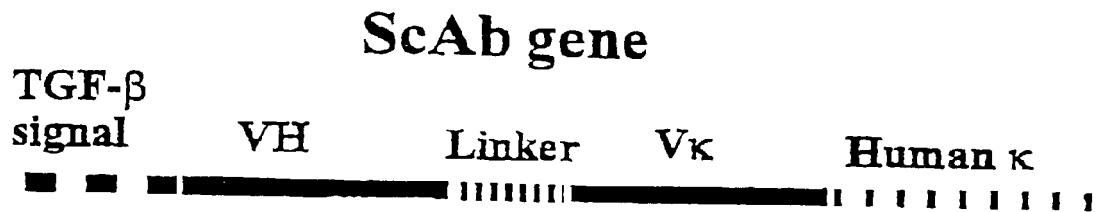
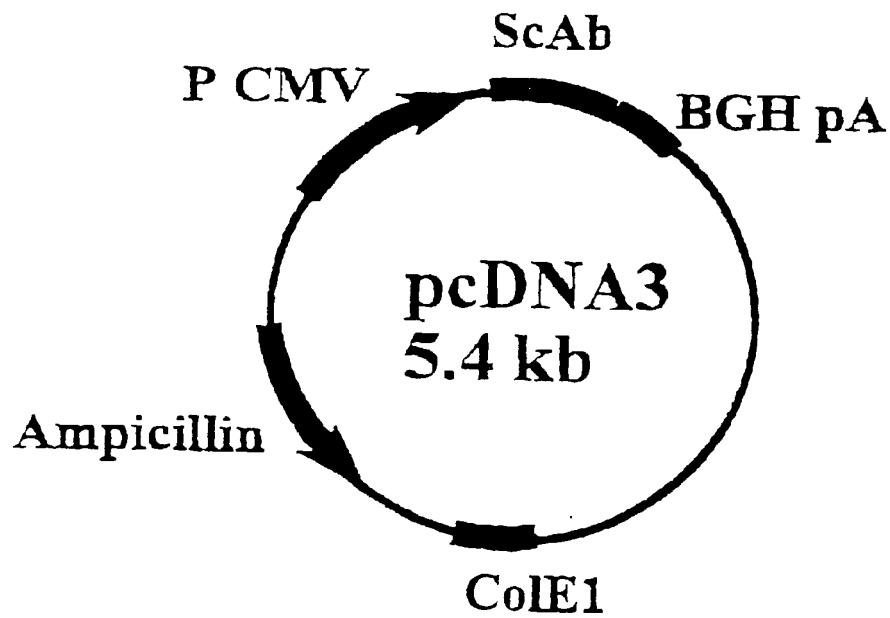
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(54) Title: MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY 3F1H10 NEUTRALISING VHSV (VIRAL HAEMORRHAGIC SEPTICAEMIA VIRUS)

(57) Abstract: The present invention relates to a non-infectious nucleic acid (RNA and DNA) construct constructed to express a recombinant antibody or antibody fragment in a host cell. The antibody molecule confers protection to the host against a pathogen, allergen or toxin. The host may be any animal including a human.

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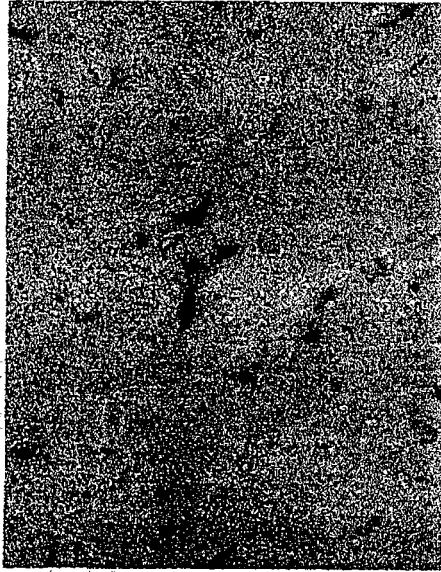


Figure 2

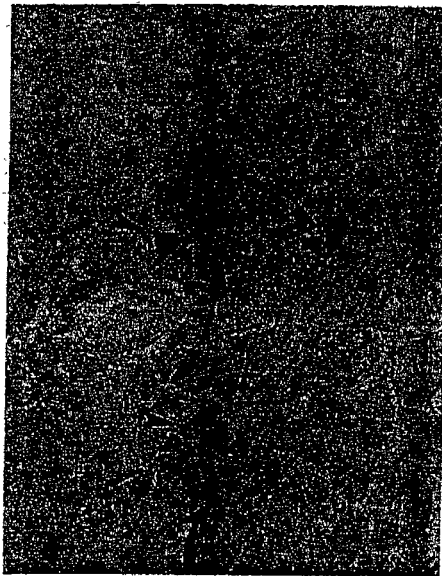


Figure 3

Docket No.  
ABLE-0021

## Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application

### English Language Declaration

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

**MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY 3F1H10 NEUTRALISING VHSV (VIRAL HAEMORRHAGIC SEPTICAEMIA VIRUS)**

the specification of which

(check one)

☐ is attached hereto.

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(if applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

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Prior Foreign Application(s)

Priority Not Claimed

<u>PA 1999 01329</u>	<u>DK</u>	<u>20 September 1999</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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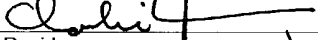
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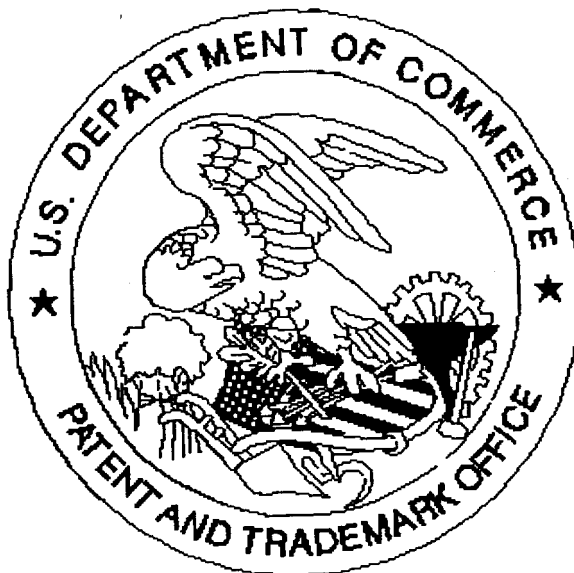
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